



# Webinar

## **PRONTO (Obstetric and Neonatal Rescue Program): Preliminary Impact Estimations from a Hospital-Level Randomized Trial in Mexico**

**April 24, 2013 at 10:00AM EST (Local times: Mexico – 9:00AM; Ghana – 2:00PM; Senegal – 2:00PM; South Africa – 4:00PM; Ethiopia – 5:00PM; India – 7:30PM; Thailand – 9:00PM)**

Dr. Hector Lamadrid, Senior Researcher, Division of Statistics, Center for Evaluation Research and Survey, National Institute of Public Health in Mexico, will lead the webinar.

To connect to the Webinar on April 24th:

- Test your connection and software at [http://universityofnc.adobeconnect.com/common/help/en/support/meeting\\_test.htm](http://universityofnc.adobeconnect.com/common/help/en/support/meeting_test.htm)
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We hope you will participate in this interactive session, and engage in the discussion by providing examples of your own evaluation work and posing challenges you have encountered. Please pass this announcement to other colleagues in your institution who might be interested in participating.

*PRONTO is a training intervention consisting of simulation-based workshops aimed at building capacity of health workers in Mexican hospitals who have direct contact with women during labor and delivery, for implementing evidence-based procedures and practices at the time of delivery. The ultimate objective of the intervention is to reduce maternal & infant mortality and morbidity in Mexico.*

*The program is currently being implemented locally in select hospitals in Mexico and if found effective, it could be scaled up to a country-wide program. An experimental study was proposed and carried out in three Mexican states - 24 hospitals were randomly selected, and 12 of these were in turn randomly assigned to receive the intervention. At baseline, all hospitals were visited by study personnel and information was collected on maternal and infant mortality and morbidity, characteristics of the health personnel and infrastructure. Members of the evaluation team spent time at the delivery room of each hospital and observed 10 births, recording the practices that were performed each time. After baseline, the intervention occurred and subsequent follow up visits and birth observations were performed 4, 8 and 12 months after the intervention.*

*As of today, the last follow up visits are still occurring, but preliminary analyses are starting to show interesting results which will be presented in the seminar.*

For questions regarding the Webinar, please contact [measure\\_training@unc.edu](mailto:measure_training@unc.edu)